

Network Security:

New Essentials for Safeguarding Network Systems

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Security Concerns are Impacting Business and Consumers...

"Approximately 150 to 200 viruses, trojans and other threats emerge each day." 1

"Underground hackers are hawking zero-day exploits for Microsoft's new Windows Vista operating system at \$50,000 a pop"²

Time to exploit vulnerability ~6.8 days. Time from vulnerability exposure to patch availability ~49 days.³

Country-wide botnet based cyber attacks cause significant disruption⁴

"50% of consumers are concerned about their financial information being safe online. 24% performed fewer transactions online as a result."

^{1.} McAfee, 2006

^{2.} eWeek.com, Dec 15, '06

^{3.} Symantec Internet Security Threat Report Trends for July 05 – December 05

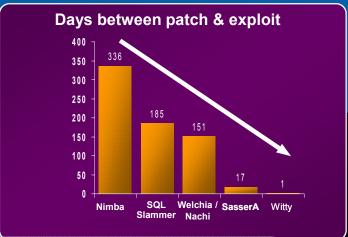
⁴ http://www.technologynewsdaily.com/node/7032

^{5.} Consumer affairs poll, May 2006

... and are a Top IT Concern

- New security challenges
 - Not just fast spreading worms
 - Rising stealthy attacks
 - Rootkits & system bots
- Software patch management alone is insufficient
- Attack virulence makes manual intervention ineffective
- Device Proliferation: pocket-able internet devices mean both new devices and new local nets (CSLL, ON-MOVE, etc) to attack

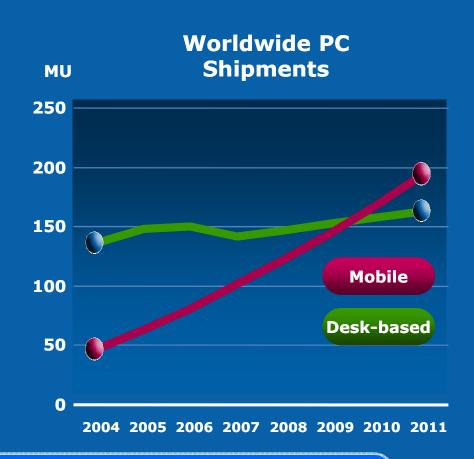




Security is Costing Billion's of Dollars in **Operation** and **Lost Productivity**

The Problem is Only Getting Worse

- Intelligent and devious intruders
 - Constantly finding and exploiting vulnerabilities
- Mobile shift adding complexity
 - Fixed perimeters and physical controls no longer adequate
- Insider attacks defeat enterprise perimeter solutions
- Financial gain becoming motivation for malware



New Security Paradigms Needed

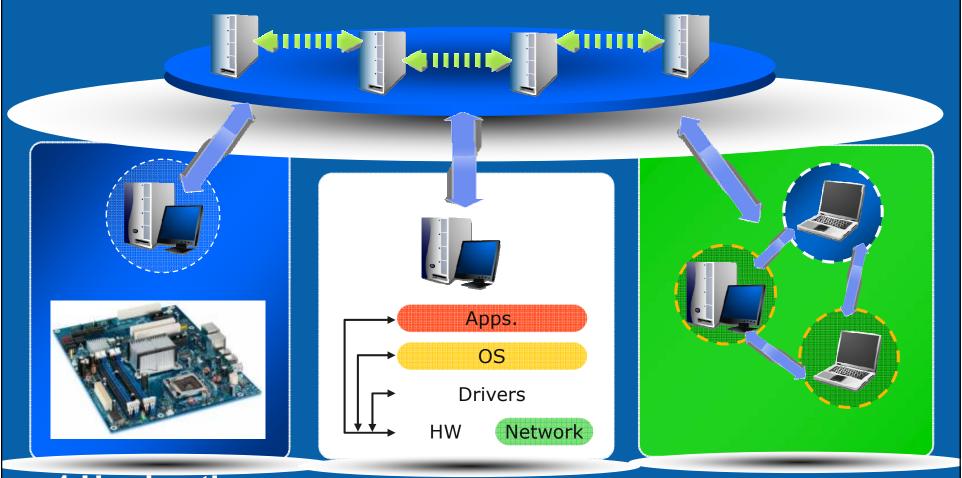
Security Doesn't Come for Free



- Performance Impact
 - Security Tax = Overhead
 - Overhead is not trivial
 - Overhead is not one time payment
 - Overhead is additive
- System Scalability
 - Scalability = consistent protection as system complexity grows
 - Number of nodes
 - Bandwidth/line rates
 - Usages/SW applications

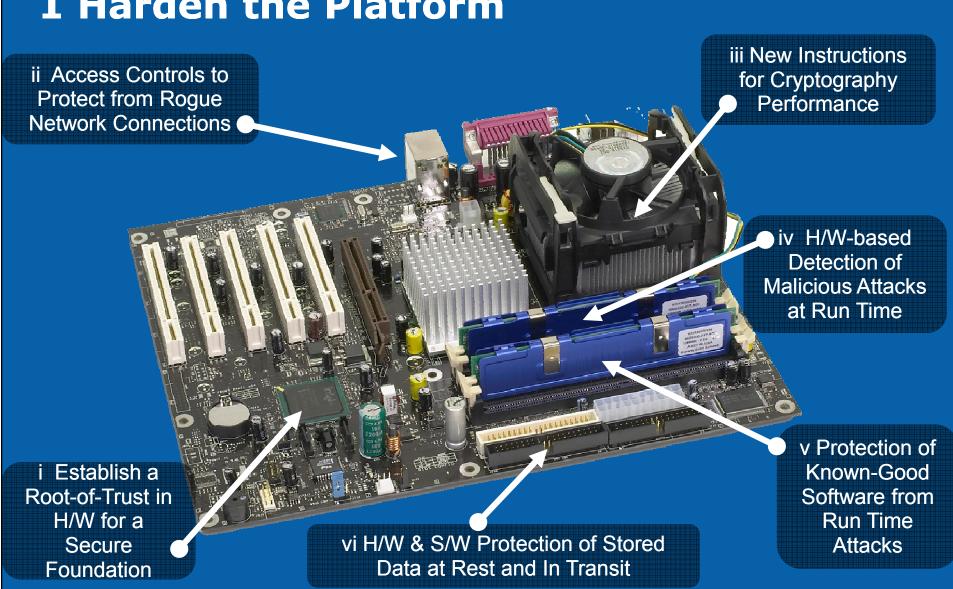
Today's security solutions optimized for Performance or Scalability

Layers Provide Scaleable Performance



- 1 Harden the Platforms
- 2 Secure the Links 3 Leave Nowhere to Hide
- **4 Collaboration**





Applies to all distributed systems: Server, Router/Switch, PC, Notebook, MID

2 Securing the Links: End-to-End Confidentiality

IPSec – End-to-End Encryption

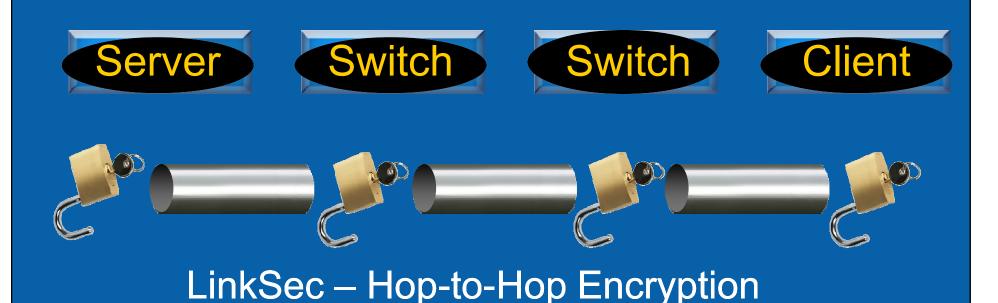




- End to end solution: Valuable for encrypting IP Layers, not suitable for link layer threats
- Issues with scalability and manageability
- Complementary solutions:
 - LinkSec
 - Converts end-to-end protection into link-by-link protection
 - Secure Network Enclaves
 - Builds on LinkSec, current area of active research
 - Provides end-to-end solution with manageability

Securing the Links: LinkSec

- Traffic available for analysis at IT-controlled switching points
- Protects against eavesdropping hackers



LinkSec Demo

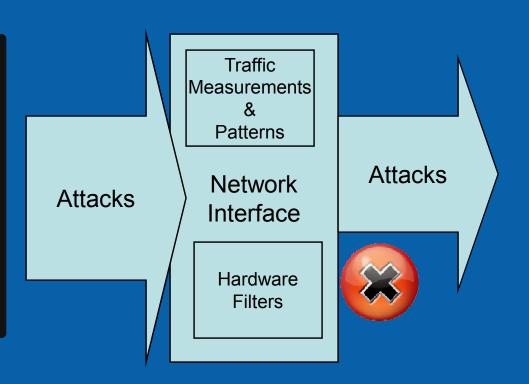
3 Secure Network Enclaves: Leave Nowhere to Hide Current Research Emphasis

- Integrates the best approaches
 - From End-to-End and hop-by-hop encryption
- Derivation mechanisms trade storage for computation
- Permits manageability and IT-visibility into traffic
- Scalability based on coordinated key management

Performance based on hardware support at nodes

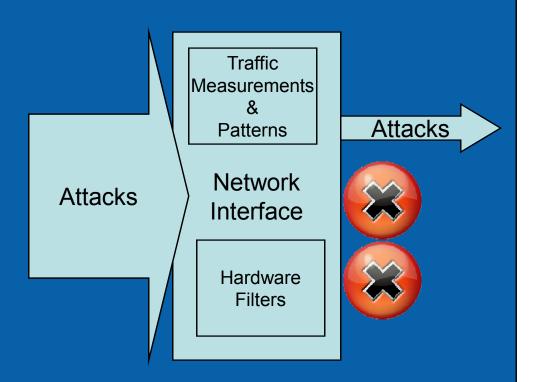
4 Collaborative Defense: Step 1: Hardware Filters

- Hardware filters that look for specific patterns in the data
- Cannot be subverted by modifying the software
- Deployed in Intel platforms today (AMT)

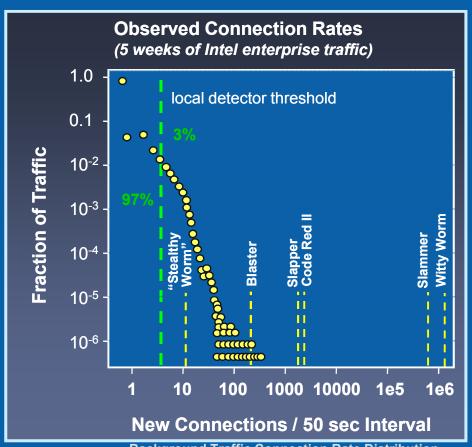


Collaborative Defense: Step 2: Heuristics

- Rules that encode typical behavior of malware
- Multi time-scale rules capture known worms
- Worms that remain "hide" in the background traffic



Rules are not Enough - Attacks are Evolving

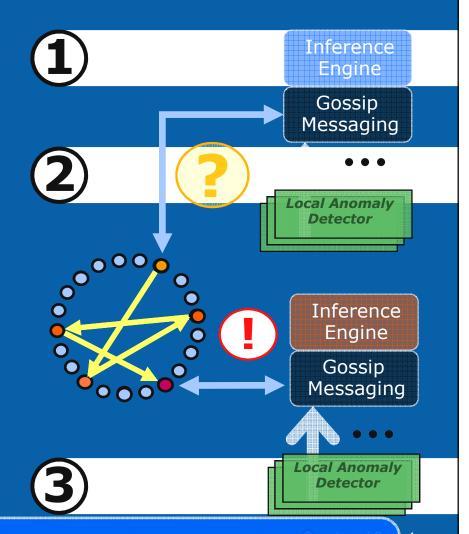


Background Traffic Connection Rate Distribution

Challenge is to reduce threshold of detection without increasing false alarms

Collaborative Defense: Step 3: Inference and Gossip

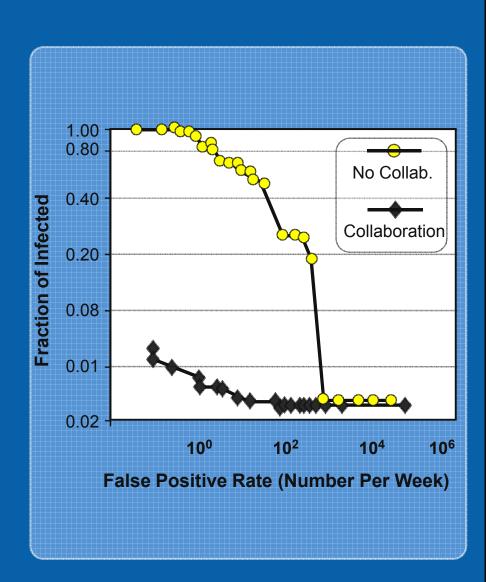
- Employ probabilistic inference
 - Correlate events across multiple machines
 - Combine weak hypotheses into strong evidence
 - Dramatically cut false positives
- Implement scalable, robust messaging protocols
- Design self-configuring local anomaly detectors



Exploiting the power of scale — Making Scale work to our benefit

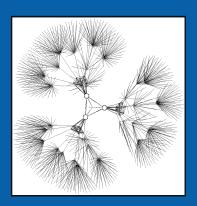
The Results: Gossip is Good

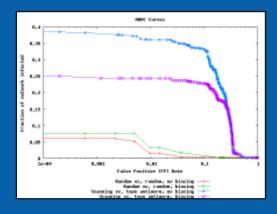
- Collaboration drives false alarms down
 - Allows many simple, but imperfect detectors
- Collaboration roots out stealthy attacks
 - Collect concise local data
 - Put in global correlation framework
- Scalability works in our favor
 - The more participating nodes, the better the performance

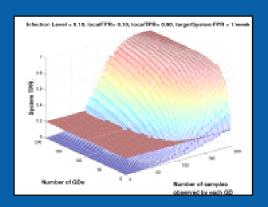


Future Directions

- Adaptation and Learning
 - end-hosts and networks are dynamic systems
- Messaging optimizations
 - bias to send "bad news" faster
- Pinpointing suspect systems
 - exploit topological & historical knowledge







Collaboration between distributed platforms provides major advantages in detecting intrusions

Summary

- Security remains a top IT problem
 - Device Proliferation, Mobility, new LCN classes pose major challenges
- Think about the networked system of platforms
 - when you consider security vulnerabilities
- No single solution to rapidly evolving threats
 - Competing tradeoffs: Performance, Scalability, Simplicity
 - Opportunity: use scalability to our advantage while maintaining performance and simplicity
- New Essentials for safeguarding LCN systems: innovate across multiple layers
 - 1 Harden the platform
 - 2 Secure the links
 - 3 Leave nowhere to hide
 - 4 Collaborative defense

Let's work together in the LCN research community to create the secure local networks of tomorrow!

